



## 2013 Statistical Report Washington County, MD

County accounted for 3.7% of human exposure calls to the Maryland Poison Center

### Types of Calls

<b>Total human exposures</b>	<b>1223</b>	<b>Animal Exposures</b>	<b>32</b>
< 12 months	56	<b>Information Calls</b>	<b>360</b>
1 year	176		
2 years	177		
3 years	78		
4 years	42		
5 years	32		
6-12 years	76		
13-19 years	101		
20-59 years	374		
>60 years	101		
Unknown adult	10		

### Reason for exposure

<b>Unintentional</b>	<b>936</b>
General	603
Environmental	7
Occupational	7
Therapeutic Error	176
Misuse	117
Bite or Sting	14
Food Poisoning	12
<b>Intentional</b>	<b>239</b>
Suspected Suicide	173
Misuse	34
Abuse	24
Unknown	8
<b>Other</b>	<b>48</b>
Contamination/tampering	6
Malicious	4
Adverse Reaction/Drug	17
Adverse Reaction/Other	6
Other/Unknown	15

### Management Site

On site/non Healthcare Facility	769
Healthcare Facility	385
Other	55
Refused Referral	14

### Medical Outcome

No Effect	374
Minor Effect	687
Moderate Effect	100
Major Effect	12
Death	2
Other/Unknown	48

**Maryland Poison Center  
2013 Statistical Report (cont'd)  
Washington County, MD**

**Most common exposures, children under 6 years:**

1. Cosmetics and personal care products
2. Household cleaning products
3. Foreign bodies
4. Analgesics (pain relievers)
5. Topical medicines (for the skin)

**Most common exposures, children 6-19 years:**

1. Analgesics (pain relievers)
2. Stimulants and street drugs
3. Cold and cough medicines
4. Cosmetics and personal care products
5. Foreign bodies

**Most common exposures, adults 20-59 years:**

1. Sleep medicines and antipsychotics
2. Analgesics (pain relievers)
3. Alcohols
4. Heart medicines
5. Anticonvulsants
6. Hormones (including antidiabetic and thyroid medicines)

**Most common exposures, adults 20-59 years:**

1. Heart medicines
2. Analgesics (pain relievers)
3. Sleep medicines and antipsychotics
4. Anticholinergic medicines
5. *(tie)* Cosmetics and personal care products  
Hormones (including antidiabetic and thyroid medicines)